ANOMOMORPHA

Alan W. Archer

[From Flora of Australia volume 57 (2009)]

Anomomorpha Nyl., in A.M.Hue, Nouv. Arch. Mus. Hist. Nat., sér. 3, 3: 167 (1891); perhaps from the Greek anomoeo (different) and morphe (shape), in reference to the unusual shape of the lirellae.

Type: A. turbulenta (Nyl.) Hue

Thallus smooth. Ascomata lirelliform, sessile or immersed, with a conspicuous thalline margin. Proper exciple non-carbonised. Epihymenium pruinose. Hymenium inspersed, I–. Ascospores transversely septate with lenticular locules, or muriform, to 20 µm long, I+ blue.

Chemistry: Depsidones present.

This genus of five species is widely distributed in tropical and subtropical regions; one corticolous species in Australia.